# PRODUCT INFORMATION



## 16-phenoxy tetranor Prostaglandin $F_{2\alpha}$ methyl amide

Item No. 10010562

Formal Name: 9a,11a,15R-trihydroxy-16-

> phenoxy-17,18,19,20-tetranorprosta-5Z,13E-dien-1-oic acid,

methyl amide

Synonym: 16-phenoxy tetranor PGF<sub>2a</sub>

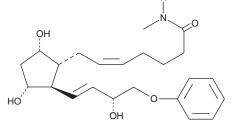
methyl amide

MF: C<sub>23</sub>H<sub>33</sub>NO<sub>5</sub> FW: 403.5 **Purity:** ≥98%

Supplied as: A solution in ethanol

Storage: -20°C Stability: ≥2 years

Information represents the product specifications. Batch specific analytical results are provided on each certificate of analysis.



#### **Laboratory Procedures**

16-phenoxy tetranor Prostaglandin  $F_{2\alpha}$  methyl amide is supplied as a solution in ethanol. To change the solvent, simply evaporate the ethanol under a gentle stream of nitrogen and immediately add the solvent of choice. Solvents such as DMSO and dimethyl formamide purged with an inert gas can be used. The solubility of 16-phenoxy tetranor prostaglandin  $F_{2\alpha}$  methyl amide in these solvents is approximately 100 mg/ml.

16-phenoxy tetranor Prostaglandin  $F_{2a}$  methyl amide is sparingly soluble in aqueous buffers. For maximum solubility in aqueous buffers, the ethanolic solution of 16-phenoxy tetranor prostaglandin  $F_{2a}$  methyl amide should be diluted with the aqueous buffer of choice. The solubility of 16-phenoxy tetranor prostaglandin  $F_{2a}$  methyl amide in PBS (pH 7.2) is approximately 0.5 mg/ml. We do not recommend storing the aqueous solution for more than one day.

#### Description

Prostaglandin  $F_{2a}$  (PGF<sub>2a</sub>) drives luteolysis and smooth muscle contraction by activating the FP receptor. Stable, lipophilic analogs of PGF $_{2\alpha}$  are used to modulate luteolysis and treat glaucoma. 16-phenoxy tetranor PGF $_{2\alpha}$  is a metabolically stable form of PGF $_{2\alpha}$  containing a 16-phenoxy group at the  $\omega$ -terminus. It binds to the FP receptor on ovine luteal cells with much greater affinity (440%) than PGF $_{2\alpha}$ . 16-phenoxy tetranor  $PGF_{2\alpha}$  methyl amide is a lipophilic analog of 16-phenoxy tetranor  $PGF_{2\alpha}$ . Methyl amides of PGs may serve as prodrugs, as they are hydrolyzed in certain tissues to generate the bioactive free acid.

#### Reference

1. Balapure, A.K., Rexroad, C.E., Jr., Kawada, K., et al. Structural requirements for prostaglandin analog interaction with the ovine corpus luteum prostaglandin  $F_{2a}$  receptor. Biochem. Pharmacol. 38(14), 2375-2381 (1989).

WARNING
THIS PRODUCT IS FOR RESEARCH ONLY - NOT FOR HUMAN OR VETERINARY DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE.

This material should be considered hazardous until further information becomes available. Do not ingest, inhale, get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Before use, the user must review the complete Safety Data Sheet, which has been sent via email to your institution.

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