PRODUCT INFORMATION



NR4A3 Ligand-binding Domain (human, recombinant)

Item No. 40344

Overview and Properties

Synonyms: Mitogen-induced Nuclear Orphan Receptor, Neuron-derived Orphan Receptor 1,

Nuclear Hormone Receptor NOR-1, Nuclear Receptor Subfamily 4 Group A Member 3

Source: Recombinant human N-terminal His-tagged NR4A3 expressed in E. coli

Amino Acids: 398-626 Q92570 **Uniprot No.:** Molecular Weight: 27.74 kDa

Storage: -80°C (as supplied)

Stability: ≥1 year

≥80% estimated by SDS-PAGE **Purity:**

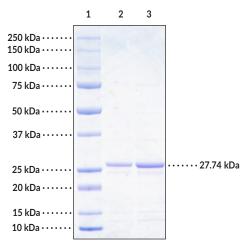
Supplied in: 50 mM Tris HCl, pH 7.5, with 100 mM sodium chloride, and 2% glycerol

Protein

Concentration: batch specific mg/ml

Information represents the product specifications. Batch specific analytical results are provided on each certificate of analysis.

Images



Lane 1: MW Markers

Lane 2: NR4A3 Ligand-binding Domain (2 µg) Lane 3: NR4A3 Ligand-binding Domain (4 µg)

SDS-PAGE Analysis of NR4A3 Ligand-binding

Domain.

WARNING THIS PRODUCT IS FOR RESEARCH ONLY - NOT FOR HUMAN OR VETERINARY DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE.

This material should be considered hazardous until further information becomes available. Do not ingest, inhale, get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Before use, the user must review the complete Safety Data Sheet, which has been sent via email to your institution.

WARRANTY AND LIMITATION OF REMEDY

Buyer agrees to purchase the material subject to Cayman's Terms and Conditions. Complete Terms and Conditions including Warranty and Limitation of Liability information can be found on our website.

Copyright Cayman Chemical Company, 09/12/2024

CAYMAN CHEMICAL

1180 EAST ELLSWORTH RD ANN ARBOR, MI 48108 · USA PHONE: [800] 364-9897

[734] 971-3335

FAX: [734] 971-3640 CUSTSERV@CAYMANCHEM.COM WWW.CAYMANCHEM.COM

PRODUCT INFORMATION



Description

Nuclear receptor subfamily 4 group A member 3 (NR4A3) is a transcription factor and member of the NR4A orphan nuclear receptor family. ^{1,2} It is composed of an N-terminal activation function-1 (AF-1) transactivation domain, a DNA-binding domain, a variable linker region, and a C-terminal domain comprising a ligand-binding domain and an AF-2 domain. NR4A3 is primarily expressed in the fetal brain and lungs and adult heart and skeletal muscle, with both splice variants showing similar expression patterns. ^{3,4} It is involved in several biological processes, including apoptosis, differentiation, metabolism, inflammation, cardiac remodeling, and development, and its expression can be induced by several factors such as growth factors, cytokines, and stress. ^{1,2} Knockout of *Nr4a3* inhibits GM-CSF- and IL-4-induced differentiation of primary mouse monocytes into dendritic cells. ⁵ Overexpression of *NR4A3* reduces infarct size as a percentage of the area at risk in a mouse model of acute myocardial infarction. ⁶ Fusion proteins of NR4A3 with Ewing sarcoma protein (EWS) or TAF15 are associated with extraskeletal myxoid chondrosarcoma. ⁷

References

- Martínez-González, J., Cañes, L., Alonso, J., et al. NR4A3: A key nuclear receptor in vascular biology, cardiovascular remodeling, and beyond. Int. J. Mol. Sci. 22(21), 11371 (2021).
- 2. He, S., Jiang, W., Jiang, B., et al. Potential roles of Nr4a3-mediated inflammation in immunological and neurological diseases. *Mol. Neurobiol.* **61(8)**, 5958-5973 (2024).
- 3. Ohkura, N., Ito, M., Tsukada, T., *et al.* Structure, mapping and expression of a human NOR-1 gene, the third member of the Nur77/NGFI-B family. *Biochim. Biophys. Acta* **308(3)**, 205-214 (1996).
- 4. Ohkura, N., Ito, M., Tsukada, T., et al. Alternative splicing generates isoforms of human neuron-derived orphan receptor-1 (NOR-1) mRNA. *Gene* **11(1)**, 79-85 (1998).
- 5. Boulet, S., Daudelin, J.-F., Odagiu, L., *et al.* The orphan nuclear receptor NR4A3 controls the differentiation of monocyte-derived dendritic cells following microbial stimulation. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* **116(30)**, 15150-15159 (2019).
- 6. Jiang, Y., Feng, Y.-P., Tang, L.-X., *et al.* The protective role of NR4A3 in acute myocardial infarction by suppressing inflammatory responses via JAK2-STAT3/NF-κB pathway. *Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun.* **517(4)**, 697-702 (2019).
- 7. Hisaoka, M. and Hashimoto, H. Extraskeletal myxoid chondrosarcoma: updated clinicopathological and molecular genetic characteristics. *Pathol. Int.* **55(8)**, 453-463 (2005).

ANN ARBOR, MI 48108 · USA PHONE: [800] 364-9897