PRODUCT INFORMATION



TC 14012 (hydrochloride)

Item No. 38140

Formal Name: cyclic (4→13)-disulfide L-arginyl-L-

> arginyl-3-(2-naphthalenyl)-L-alanyl-Lcysteinyl-L-tyrosyl-N⁵-(aminocarbonyl)-L-ornithyl-L-lysyl-N⁵-(aminocarbonyl)-Dornithyl-L-prolyl-L-tyrosyl-L-arginyl-N⁵-(aminocarbonyl)-L-ornithyl-L-cysteinyl-L-

argininamide, hydrochloride

Synonym: H-Arg-Arg-Nal-Cys-Tyr-Cit-Lys-D-Cit-Pro-

Tyr-Arg-Cit-Cys-Arg-NH₂

MF: C₉₀H₁₄₀N₃₄O₁₉S₂ • XHCI

2,066.4 FW: **Purity:** ≥95% UV/Vis.: λ_{max} : 227 nm Supplied as: A solid Storage:

-20°C Stability: ≥4 years XHCI

Information represents the product specifications. Batch specific analytical results are provided on each certificate of analysis.

Laboratory Procedures

TC 14012 (hydrochloride) is supplied as a solid. A stock solution may be made by dissolving the TC 14012 (hydrochloride) in the solvent of choice, which should be purged with an inert gas. TC 14012 (hydrochloride) is soluble in the organic solvent DMSO at a concentration of approximately 10 mg/ml.

Further dilutions of the stock solution into aqueous buffers or isotonic saline should be made prior to performing biological experiments. Ensure that the residual amount of organic solvent is insignificant, since organic solvents may have physiological effects at low concentrations. Organic solvent-free aqueous solutions of TC 14012 (hydrochloride) can be prepared by directly dissolving the solid in aqueous buffers. The solubility of TC 14012 (hydrochloride) in PBS (pH 7.2) is approximately 10 mg/ml. We do not recommend storing the aqueous solution for more than one day.

Description

TC 14012 is a peptidomimetic antagonist of chemokine (C-X-C motif) receptor 4 (CXCR4; IC_{50} = 2.9 nM) and CXCR7 agonist.^{1,2} It induces β -arrestin recruitment in HEK293T cells expressing CXCR7 $(EC_{50} = 350 \text{ nM}).^{1}$ TC 14012 reduces the cytopathic effect of HIV in infected MT-4 cells $(EC_{50} = 0.4 \text{ nM})$ and inhibits HIV entry *in vitro* in a CXCR4-dependent manner $(IC_{50} = 19.3 \text{ nM}).^{3}$ It inhibits migration induced by chemokine (C-X-C motif) ligand 12 (CXCL12) in MDA-MB-231 breast cancer cells and human umbilical vein endothelial cells (HUVECs) when used at concentrations ranging from 10 to 1,000 nM.² TC 14012 (10 mg/kg) decreases infarct size in a mouse model of acute myocardial infarction induced by left anterior descending (LAD) coronary artery ligation.⁴

References

- 1. Gravel, S., Malouf, C., Boulais, P.E., et al. J. Biol. Chem. 285(49), 37939-37943 (2010)
- Tamamura, H., Hori, A., Kanzaki, N., et al. FEBS Lett. 550(1-3), 79-83 (2003).
- Tamamura, H., Omagari, A., Hiramatsu, K., et al. Bioorg. Med. Chem. Lett. 11(14), 1897-1902 (2001).
- 4. Zhang, S., Yue, J., Ge, Z., et al. Biomed. Pharmacother. 127, 110168 (2020).

WARNING
THIS PRODUCT IS FOR RESEARCH ONLY - NOT FOR HUMAN OR VETERINARY DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE.

This material should be considered hazardous until further information becomes available. Do not ingest, inhale, get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Before use, the user must review the complete Safety Data Sheet, which has been sent via email to your institution.

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