PRODUCT INFORMATION



Leukotriene B₄-d₄

Item No. 320110

CAS Registry No.: 124629-74-9

Formal Name: 5S,12R-dihydroxy-6Z,8E,10E,14Z-

eicosatetraenoic-6,7,14,15-d₄ acid

 LTB_4-d_4 Synonym: MF: $C_{20}H_{28}D_4O_4$ FW: 340.5 **Chemical Purity:** ≥97% (LTB₄)

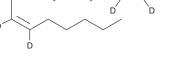
Deuterium

 \geq 99% deuterated forms (d₁-d₄); \leq 1% d₀ Incorporation:

 λ_{max} : 270 nm ϵ : 50,000 UV/Vis.: A solution in acetonitrile Supplied as:

-20°C Storage: Stability: ≥1 year **Special Conditions:** Light Sensitive

Information represents the product specifications. Batch specific analytical results are provided on each certificate of analysis.



Laboratory Procedures

Leukotriene B₄-d₄ (LTB₄-d₄) is intended for use as an internal standard for the quantification of LTB₄ (Item No. 20110) by GC- or LC-MS. The accuracy of the sample weight in this vial is between 5% over and 2% under the amount shown on the vial. If better precision is required, the deuterated standard should be quantitated against a more precisely weighed unlabeled standard by constructing a standard curve of peak intensity ratios (deuterated versus unlabeled).

 LTB_A - d_A is supplied as a solution in acetonitrile. To change the solvent, simply evaporate the acetonitrile under a gentle stream of nitrogen and immediately add the solvent of choice. Solvents such as ethanol, DMSO, and dimethyl formamide purged with an inert gas can be used. The solubility of LTB₄-d₄ in these solvents is approximately 50 mg/ml.

Description

LTB₄ is a dihydroxy fatty acid derived from arachidonic acid through the 5-lipoxygenase pathway. 1-3 It promotes a number of leukocyte functions including aggregation, stimulation of ion fluxes, enhancement of lysosomal enzyme release, superoxide anion production, chemotaxis, and chemokinesis. In subnanomolar ranges (3.9 x 10^{-10} M), LTB₄ causes chemotaxis and chemokinesis in human PMNL.⁴ At higher concentrations, $(1.0 \times 10^{-7} \text{ M})$, LTB₄ leads to neutrophil aggregation and degranulation as well as superoxide anion production.4,5

References

- 1. Rådmark, O., Malmsten, C., Samuelsson, B., et al. Leukotriene A: Stereochemistry and enzymatic conversion to leukotriene B. Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 92, 954-961 (1980).
- Ford-Hutchinson, A.W., Bray, M.A., Doig, M.V., et al. Leukotriene B, a potent chemokinetic and aggregating substance released from polymorphonuclear leukocytes. Nature 286, 264-265 (1980).
- 3. McGee, J. and Fitzpatrick, F. Enzymatic hydration of leukotriene A₁. J. Biol. Chem. 260, 12832-12837 (1985).
- 4. Ford-Hutchinson, A.W. Leukotriene B₄ in inflammation. Crit. Rev. Immunol. 10, 1-12 (1990).
- McMillan, R.M. and Foster, S.J. Leukotriene B₄ and inflammatory disease. Agents Actions 24, 114-119 (1988).

WARNING
THIS PRODUCT IS FOR RESEARCH ONLY - NOT FOR HUMAN OR VETERINARY DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE.

This material should be considered hazardous until further information becomes available. Do not ingest, inhale, get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Before use, the user must review the complete Safety Data Sheet, which has been sent via email to your institution.

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