Penicillin V-d ${ }_{5}$ (potassium salt)<br>Item No. 26786

CAS Registry No.: 2699607-22-0
Formal Name: $\quad(2 S, 5 R, 6 R)-3,3$-dimethyl-7-oxo-6-[[2-(phenoxy-2,3,4,5,6-d ${ }_{5}$ )acetyl]amino]-4-thia-1-azabicyclo[3.2.0]heptane-2carboxylic acid, monopotassium salt
Synonym:
MF:
FW:
Chemical Purity:
Deuterium
Incorporation:
Supplied as:
Storage:
Stability: Phenoxymethylpenicillin- $\mathrm{d}_{5}$
$\mathrm{C}_{16} \mathrm{H}_{12} \mathrm{D}_{5} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{5} \mathrm{~S} \cdot \mathrm{~K}$
393.5
$\geq 98 \%$ (Penicillin V)
$\geq 99 \%$ deuterated forms $\left(d_{1}-d_{5}\right) ; \leq 1 \% d_{0}$ A solid
$-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
$\geq 4$ years
Information represents the product specifications. Batch specific analytical results are provided on each certificate of analysis.

## Laboratory Procedures

Penicillin V-d ${ }_{5}$ (potassium salt) is intended for use as an internal standard for the quantification of penicillin V (Item No. 23635) by GC- or LC-MS. The accuracy of the sample weight in this vial is between $5 \%$ over and $2 \%$ under the amount shown on the vial. If better precision is required, the deuterated standard should be quantitated against a more precisely weighed unlabeled standard by constructing a standard curve of peak intensity ratios (deuterated versus unlabeled).

## Description

Penicillin V is a $\beta$-lactam antibiotic that inhibits the growth of bacteria. ${ }^{1-3}$ In vitro, penicillin V inhibits the growth of clinical isolates of Streptococci (MICs $=0.004-0.008 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{L}$ ) and C. difficile (MICs $=1$ to $>256 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{L}) . .^{1,2}$ Penicillin V also inhibits growth of $S$. aureus in vitro ( $\mathrm{MIC}=0.016 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{L}$ ) and in vivo in a thigh model of infection in mice. ${ }^{3}$ It inhibits the growth of $S$. pyogenes in mice following one or two dose therapy with curative dose $\left(C D_{50}\right)$ values of 0.207 and 0.031 mg , respectively. ${ }^{4}$ Penicillin V ( $100 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ per day, p.o.) prevents experimental acute otitis media in rats when administered prior to infection by pneumococci. ${ }^{5}$ Formulations containing penicillin $V$ have been used to treat bacterial infections of the skin, throat, ear, mouth, and respiratory tract.

## References

1. Kamme, C. and Petersson, A.C. Scand. J. Infect. Dis. 25(1), 37-42 (1993).
2. Norén, T., Alriksson, I., Akerlund, T., et al. Clin. Microbiol. Infect. 16(8), 1104-1110 (2010).
3. Overbosch, D., Mattie, H., and Van Furth, R. Br. J. Clin. Pharmacol. 19(5), 657-668 (1985).
4. Powell, H.M. and Culbertson, C.G. Proc. Soc. Exp. Biol. Med. 90(1), 186-187 (1955).
5. Hermansson, A., Prellner, K., and Hellström, S. Acta Otolaryngol. 109(1-2), 119-123 (1990).
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[^0]:    WARNING
    THIS PRODUCT IS FOR RESEARCH ONLY - NOT FOR HUMAN OR VETERINARY DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE.

    ## SAFETY DATA

    This material should be considered hazardous until further information becomes available. Do not ingest, inhale, get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Before use, the user must review the complete Safety Data Sheet, which has been sent via email to your institution.

