PRODUCT INFORMATION



Acolbifene

Item No. 23931

CAS Registry No.: 182167-02-8

Formal Name: (2S)-3-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-4-methyl-2-[4-[2-(1-

piperidinyl)ethoxy|phenyl]-2H-1-benzopyran-7-ol

Synonym:

MF: C₂₉H₃₁NO₄ 457.6 FW:

Purity: ≥98% Supplied as: A solid

Storage: -20°C Stability: ≥4 years

Information represents the product specifications. Batch specific analytical results are provided on each certificate of analysis.

Laboratory Procedures

Acolbifene is supplied as a solid. A stock solution may be made by dissolving the acolbifene in the solvent of choice, which should be purged with an inert gas. Acolbifene is soluble in the organic solvent DMSO.

Description

Acolbifene is a selective estrogen receptor modulator (SERM). It inhibits transcriptional activity of estrogen receptor α (ER α) and ER β induced by estradiol (E₂; Item No. 10006315; IC₅₀s = 2 and 0.4 nM, respectively).¹ It binds to ERs in cytosol from human breast cancer and non-cancerous uterine cells (K,s = 0.047 and 0.042 nM, respectively) and to ERs in cytosol from rat uterine cells ($IC_{50} = 0.44$ nM) but not to progesterone or androgen receptors in cytosol from rat uterine and ventral prostate \overrightarrow{cells} (IC₅₀s = 22,500 and >10,000 nM, respectively).^{1,2} Acolbifene inhibits E₂-stimulated proliferation of T47D, ZR-75-1, and MCF-7 breast cancer cells (IC₅₀s = 0.146, 0.75, and 0.321 nM, respectively) but not basal proliferation. Acolbifene (50 μg per day) inhibits tumor growth stimulated by estrone (E₄; Item No. 10006485) in a ZR-75-1 human breast cancer xenograft model in ovariectomized mice. 3 It also inhibits E_1 -stimulated endometrial epithelium thickening in vivo in ovariectomized mice when administered at a dose of 50 µg per day.

References

- 1. Labrie, F., Labrie, C., Bélanger, A., et al. EM-652 (SCH 57068), a third generation SERM acting as pure antiestrogen in the mammary gland and endometrium. J. Steroid Biochem. Mol. Biol. 69(1-6), 51-84 (1999).
- Martel, C., Provencher, L., Li, X., et al. Binding characteristics of novel nonsteroidal antiestrogens to the rat uterine estrogen receptors. J. Steroid Biochem. Mol. Biol. 64(3-4), 199-205 (1998).
- Gutman, M., Couillard, S., Roy, J., et al. Comparison of the effects of EM-652 (SCH57068), tamoxifen, toremifene, droloxifene, idoxifene, GW-5638 and raloxifene on the growth of human ZR-75-1 breast tumors in nude mice. Int. J. Cancer 99(2), 273-278 (2002).

WARNING
THIS PRODUCT IS FOR RESEARCH ONLY - NOT FOR HUMAN OR VETERINARY DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE.

This material should be considered hazardous until further information becomes available. Do not ingest, inhale, get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Before use, the user must review the complete Safety Data Sheet, which has been sent via email to your institution.

WARRANTY AND LIMITATION OF REMEDY

subject to Cayman's Terms and Conditions. Complete Terms and Conditions including Warranty and Limitation of Liability information can be found on our website

Copyright Cayman Chemical Company, 12/05/2022

CAYMAN CHEMICAL

1180 EAST ELLSWORTH RD ANN ARBOR, MI 48108 · USA PHONE: [800] 364-9897

[734] 971-3335

FAX: [734] 971-3640 CUSTSERV@CAYMANCHEM.COM WWW.**CAYMANCHEM**.COM