# PRODUCT INFORMATION



## CGP 55845 (hydrochloride)

Item No. 21912

CAS Registry No.: 149184-22-5

Formal Name: P-[(2S)-3-[[(1S)-1-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)

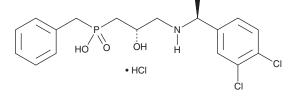
> ethyllaminol-2-hydroxypropyll-P-(phenylmethyl)-phosphinic acid,

monohydrochloride

Synonym: CGP 55845A

C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>22</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>NO<sub>3</sub>P • HCl MF:

FW: 438.7 **Purity:** ≥98% Supplied as: A solid Storage: -20°C Stability: ≥4 years



Information represents the product specifications. Batch specific analytical results are provided on each certificate of analysis.

#### **Laboratory Procedures**

CGP 55845 (hydrochloride) is supplied as a solid. A stock solution may be made by dissolving the CGP 55845 (hydrochloride) in the solvent of choice, which should be purged with an inert gas. CGP 55845 (hydrochloride) is soluble in DMSO.

#### Description

CGP 55845 is a  $GABA_B$  receptor antagonist ( $K_i = 4.5 \text{ nM}$ ). It increases electrical stimulation-induced GABA release in the absence and presence of the GABA<sub>B</sub> receptor agonist (-)-baclofen, as well as glutamate release in the presence of (-)-baclofen, in rat cerebral cortex slices ( $EC_{50}$ s = 8.3, 25, and 14 nM, respectively). CGP 55845 (1 μM) inhibits (-)-baclofen-induced postsynaptic hyperpolarization of evoked inhibitory postsynaptic potentials (IPSPs) and field excitatory postsynaptic potentials (fEPSPs) in rat CA1 hippocampal slices.<sup>2</sup> It increases swimming time, but does not decrease immobility time, in the forced swim test in rats when administered at a dose of 3 or 10 mg/kg.3 CGP 55845 (0.01 and 0.1 mg/kg) reverses age-induced impairments in olfactory discrimination learning in rats. It increases seizure intensity in a mouse model of epilepsy induced by pentylenetetrazole (PTZ; Item No. 18682) kindling.<sup>5</sup>

### References

- 1. Waldmeier, P.C., Wicki, P., Feldtrauer, J.J., et al. GABA and glutamate release affected by GABA<sub>B</sub> receptor antagonists with similar potency: No evidence for pharmacologically different presynaptic receptors. Br. J. Pharmacol. 113(4), 1515-1521 (1994).
- 2. Davies, C.H., Pozza, M.F., and Collingridge, G.L. CGP 55845A: A potent antagonist of GABA<sub>B</sub> receptors in the CA1 region of rat hippocampus. Neuropharmacology 32(10), 1071-1073 (1993).
- Slattery, D.A., Desrayaud, S., and Cryan, J.F. GABA<sub>R</sub> receptor antagonist-mediated antidepressant-like behavior is serotonin-dependent. J. Pharmacol. Exp. Ther. 312(1), 290-296 (2005).
- LaSarge, C.L., Bañuelos, C., Mayse, J.D., et al. Blockade of GABA(B) receptors completely reverses agerelated learning impairment. Neuroscience 164(3), 941-947 (2009).
- 5. De Sarro, G., Palma, E., Costa, N., et al. Effects of compounds acting on GABA(B) receptors in the pentylenetetrazole kindling model of epilepsy in mice. Neuropharmacology 39(11), 2147-2161 (2000).

WARNING
THIS PRODUCT IS FOR RESEARCH ONLY - NOT FOR HUMAN OR VETERINARY DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE.

This material should be considered hazardous until further information becomes available. Do not ingest, inhale, get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Before use, the user must review the complete Safety Data Sheet, which has been sent via email to your institution.

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