PRODUCT INFORMATION



W7B117

Item No. 19900

CAS Registry No.: 1223397-11-2

Formal Name: 3-hydroxy-benzoic acid,

(3-fluoro-1,2-phenylene)ester

Synonym: Glucose Transporter Inhibitor IV

MF: C₂₀H₁₃FO₆ FW: 368.3 **Purity:** ≥98%

 λ_{max} : 212, 242, 305 nm UV/Vis.: Supplied as: A crystalline solid

Storage: -20°C Stability: ≥4 years

Information represents the product specifications. Batch specific analytical results are provided on each certificate of analysis.

Laboratory Procedures

WZB117 is supplied as a crystalline solid. A stock solution may be made by dissolving the WZB117 in the solvent of choice, which should be purged with an inert gas. WZB117 is soluble in organic solvents such as ethanol, DMSO, and dimethyl formamide (DMF). The solubility of WZB117 in ethanol is approximately 10 mg/ml and approximately 20 mg/ml in DMSO and DMF.

WZB117 is sparingly soluble in aqueous solutions. To enhance aqueous solubility, dilute the organic solvent solution into aqueous buffers or isotonic saline. If performing biological experiments, ensure the residual amount of organic solvent is insignificant, since organic solvents may have physiological effects at low concentrations. We do not recommend storing the aqueous solution for more than one day.

Description

WZB117 is an irreversible inhibitor of glucose transporter 1 (Glut1) that blocks glucose transport in diverse cancer cells (IC₅₀ = \sim 0.6 μ M), reducing extracellular lactate and intracellular ATP levels.¹ It inhibits cancer cell proliferation (IC_{50} s = 5-10 μ M), resulting in cell cycle arrest, senescence, and necrosis or apoptosis. ^{1,2} These effects are enhanced by the anticancer drugs cisplatin (Item No. 13119) and paclitaxel (Item No. 10461). WZB117, given intraperitoneally at 10 mg/kg, significantly reduces tumor size in mice, with only small reductions in body weight and leukocyte count. WZB117 also inhibits the self-renewal and tumor-initiating capacity of cancer stem cells, blocking tumor initiation after implantation of cancer stem cells in mice.³

References

- 1. Liu, Y., Cao, Y., Zhang, W., et al. A small-molecule inhibitor of glucose transporter 1 downregulates glycolysis, induces cell-cycle arrest, and inhibits cancer cell growth in vitro and in vivo. Mol. Cancer Ther. **11(8)**, 1672-1682 (2012).
- 2. Xintaropoulou, C., Ward, C., Wise, A., et al. A comparative analysis of inhibitors of the glycolysis pathway in breast and ovarian cancer cell line models. Oncotarget 6(28), 25677-25695 (2015).
- 3. Shibuya, K., Okada, M., Suzuki, S., et al. Targeting the facilitative glucose transporter GLUT1 inhibits the self-renewal and tumor-initiating capacity of cancer stem cells. Oncotarget 6(2), 651-661 (2015).

WARNING
THIS PRODUCT IS FOR RESEARCH ONLY - NOT FOR HUMAN OR VETERINARY DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE.

This material should be considered hazardous until further information becomes available. Do not ingest, inhale, get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Before use, the user must review the complete Safety Data Sheet, which has been sent via email to your institution.

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CAYMAN CHEMICAL

1180 EAST ELLSWORTH RD ANN ARBOR, MI 48108 · USA PHONE: [800] 364-9897

[734] 971-3335

FAX: [734] 971-3640 CUSTSERV@CAYMANCHEM.COM WWW.**CAYMANCHEM**.COM