PRODUCT INFORMATION



CAY10580

Item No. 16835

CAS Registry No.: 64054-40-6

Formal Name: 2-(3-hydroxyoctyl)-5-oxo-1-

pyrrolidineheptanoic acid

MF: C₁₉H₃₅NO₄ FW: 341.5 **Purity:** ≥96%

Supplied as: A solution in ethanol

Storage: -20°C Stability: ≥2 years

Information represents the product specifications. Batch specific analytical results are provided on each certificate of analysis.

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Laboratory Procedures

CAY10580 is supplied as a solution in ethanol. To change the solvent, simply evaporate the ethanol under a gentle stream of nitrogen and immediately add the solvent of choice. Solvents such as DMSO and dimethyl formamide purged with an inert gas can be used. The solubility of CAY10580 in these solvents is approximately 10 mg/ml.

Further dilutions of the stock solution into aqueous buffers or isotonic saline should be made prior to performing biological experiments. Ensure that the residual amount of organic solvent is insignificant, since organic solvents may have physiological effects at low concentrations. If an organic solvent-free solution of CAY10580 is needed, it can be prepared by evaporating the ethanol and directly dissolving the neat oil in aqueous buffers. The solubility of CAY10580 in PBS (pH 7.2) is approximately 2.5 mg/ml. We do not recommend storing the aqueous solution for more than one day.

Description

Prostaglandin E2 (PGE2) activates four E prostanoid (EP) receptors, EP1-4. EP4 is a Gs protein-coupled receptor that, by elevating the second messenger cAMP, plays important roles in bone formation and resorption,cancer,and atherosclerosis. 1-3 CAY10580 is an 8-aza-9-oxo-15-hydroxy saturated analog of PGE₂. It selectively binds the EP₄ receptor ($K_i = 35 \text{ nM}$) relative to the EP₁, EP₂, and EP₃ receptors ($K_i = 3,000, 2,000, \text{ and } > 3,000 \text{ nM}, \text{ respectively}$). CAY10580 stimulates cAMP formation in excised mouse ovaries.5

References

- 1. Li, M., Thompson, D.D., and Paralkar, V.M. Prostaglandin E2 receptors in bone formation. Int. Orthop. 31(6), 767-772 (2007).
- Hawcroft, G., Ko, C.W.S., and Hull, M.A. Prostaglandin E₂-EP4 receptor signalling promotes tumorigenic behaviour of HT-29 human colorectal cancer cells. Oncogene 26(21), 3006-3019 (2007).
- Babaev, V.R., Chew, J.D., Ding, L., et al. Macrophage EP4 deficiency increases apoptosis and suppresses early atherosclerosis. Cell Metab. 8(6), 492-501 (2008).
- Billot, X., Chateauneuf, A., Chauret, N., et al. Discovery of a potent and selective agonist of the prostaglandin EP₄ receptor. Bioorg. Med. Chem. Lett. 13(6), 1129-1132 (2003).
- Smith, R.L., Lee, T., Gould, N.P., et al. Prostaglandin isosteres. 1. (8-Aza-, 8,10-Diaza-, and 8-Aza-11-thia)-9-oxoprostanoic acids and their derivatives. J. Med. Chem. 20(10), 1292-1299 (1977).

WARNING
THIS PRODUCT IS FOR RESEARCH ONLY - NOT FOR HUMAN OR VETERINARY DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE.

This material should be considered hazardous until further information becomes available. Do not ingest, inhale, get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Before use, the user must review the complete Safety Data Sheet, which has been sent via email to your institution.

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