# PRODUCT INFORMATION



## BRD4 bromodomain 1 (human, recombinant; His-tagged)

Item No. 11720

### **Overview and Properties**

Bromodomain containing protein 4, HUNK1, MCAP, Mitotic Chromosome-associated Synonyms:

Source: Recombinant N-terminal hexahistidine-tagged protein expressed in E. coli

Amino acids: 49-170 (partial protein)

O60885 **Uniprot No.:** Molecular Weight: 16.6 kDa

-80°C (as supplied); avoid freeze/thaw cycles by aliquoting protein Storage:

Stability:

≥90% estimated by SDS-PAGE **Purity:** 

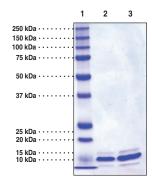
Supplied in: 50 mM Tris, pH 8.0, with 500 mM NaCl, 5% glycerol, and 1 mM DTT

**Protein** 

Concentration: batch specific mg/ml Activity: batch specific U/ml Specific Activity: batch specific U/mg

Information represents the product specifications. Batch specific analytical results are provided on each certificate of analysis.

## **Image**



Lane 2: BRD4 bromodomain 1 (2 µg)

Representative gel image shown; actual purity may vary between each batch.

WARNING
THIS PRODUCT IS FOR RESEARCH ONLY - NOT FOR HUMAN OR VETERINARY DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE.

This material should be considered hazardous until further information becomes available. Do not ingest, inhale, get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Before use, the user must review the complete Safety Data Sheet, which has been sent via email to your institution.

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### Description

Bromodomain-containing protein 4 (BRD4) is a member of the bromodomain and extra-terminal domain (BET) family. It is a ubiquitously expressed nuclear protein with roles in a variety of cellular processes, including regulation of gene transcription, cell cycle progression, and viral genome segregation. 1.2 BRD4 is comprised of two N-terminal bromodomains (BD1 and BD2) that can bind to acetylated lysine residues in histones, serving to couple histone acetylation marks to the transcriptional regulation of target promoters, an extra-terminal (ET) domain that facilitates protein-protein interactions, and a C-terminal motif, and can be expressed as either a long or short isoform generated via alternative splicing. 1-3 In addition to binding acetylated lysine residues on histones, BRD4 can bind to a variety of non-histone proteins and protein complexes, including positive transcription elongation factor b (P-TEFb) and the severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2 (SARS-CoV-2) envelope (E) protein, a transmembrane protein involved in CoV virion assembly and pathogenesis of the related virus, SARS-CoV. 1,4-6 In mice, knock-down of Brd4 is embryonic lethal.<sup>2</sup> Chromosomal translocations leading to the fusion of BRD4 with the nuclear protein in testis (NUT) gene and resulting in expression of BRD4-NUT fusion proteins are associated with NUT midline carcinoma (NMC).<sup>1,3</sup> Inhibition of BRD4-NUT binding to chromatin by the BET bromodomain inhibitor (+)-JQ1 (Item No. 11187) induces tumor regression and prolongs survival in NMC mouse xenograft models. <sup>7</sup> Cayman's BRD4 bromodomain 1 (human, recombinant; His-tagged) protein can be used for ELISA, Western blot (WB), and binding assay applications.

#### References

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- 3. Wang, C.Y. and Filippakopoulos, P. Beating the odds: BETs in disease. Trends Biochem. Sci. 40(8), 2015.
- 4. Gordon, D.E., Jang, G.M., Bouhaddou, M. et al. A SARS-CoV-2-human protein-protein interaction map reveals drug targets and potential drug-repurposing. *BioRxiv* (2020).
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- Schoeman, D. and Fielding, B.C. Coronavirus envelope protein: Current knowledge. Virol. J. 16(1), 69 (2019).
- 7. Goldstein, D. P. and Kosasa, T. S. The subunit radioimmunoassay for human chorionic gonadotropin clinical applications. *Progress in Gynecology* 145-184 (1975).

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