PRODUCT INFORMATION



9(Z),11(E),13(E)-Octadecatrienoic Acid methyl ester

Item No. 10008333

CAS Registry No.: 4175-47-7

Formal Name: 9Z,11E,13E-octadecatrienoic acid,

methyl ester

Synonyms: α-ESA methyl ester,

Methyl α-eleostearate, SFE 19:3

MF: $C_{19}H_{32}O_2$ FW: 292.5 **Purity:** ≥98%

λ_{max}: 261, 270, 281 nm UV/Vis.: Supplied as: A solution in ethanol

-80°C Storage: Stability: ≥2 years

Information represents the product specifications. Batch specific analytical results are provided on each certificate of analysis.

Laboratory Procedures

α-ESA methyl ester is supplied as a solution in ethanol. To change the solvent, simply evaporate the ethanol under a gentle stream of nitrogen and immediately add the solvent of choice. Solvents such as DMSO and dimethyl formamide purged with an inert gas can be used. The solubility of α -ESA methyl ester in these solvents is approximately 30 mg/ml.

If aqueous stock solutions are required for biological experiments, they can best be prepared by diluting the organic solvent into aqueous buffers or isotonic saline. Ensure that the residual amount of organic solvent is insignificant, since organic solvents may have physiological effects at low concentrations. We do not recommend storing the aqueous solution for more than one day.

Description

α-ESA is a conjugated polyunsaturated fatty acid commonly found in plant seed oil. This fatty acid accounts for about 60% of the total fatty acid composition of bitter gourd seed oil and about 70% in tung $oil.^{1}$ α -ESA is metabolized and converted to conjugated linoleic acid (9Z,11E-CLA) in rats.² It has shown potential as a tumor growth suppressor. In colon cancer Caco-2 cells, α-ESA induced apoptosis through up-regulation of GADD45, p53, and PPAR χ . In DLD-1 cells supplemented with α -ESA, apoptosis was induced via lipid peroxidation with an EC₅₀ of 20 μ M.² It also inhibits DNA polymerases and topoisomerases with IC₅₀s ranging from ~5-20 μ M for different isoforms of the enzymes.³ α -ESA methyl ester is a neutral, more lipid soluble form of the free acid.

References

- 1. Yasui, Y., Hosokawa, M., Sahara, T., et al. Bitter gourd seed fatty acid rich in 9c,11t,13t-conjugated linolenic acid induces apoptosis and up-regulates the GADD45, p53 and PPARy in human colon cancer caco-2 cells. Prostaglandins Leukot. Essent. Fatty Acids 73(2), 113-119 (2005).
- 2. Tsuzuki, T., Tokuyama, Y., Igarashi, M., et al. Tumor growth suppression by a α-eleostearic acid, linolenic acid isomer with a conjugated triene system, via lipid peroxidation. Carcinogenesis 25(8), 1417-1425
- 3. Mizushina, Y., Tsuzuki, T., Eitsuka, T., et al. Inhibitory action of conjugated C18-fatty acids on DNA polymerases and DNA topoisomerases. Lipids 39(10), 977-983 (2004).

WARNING
THIS PRODUCT IS FOR RESEARCH ONLY - NOT FOR HUMAN OR VETERINARY DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE.

This material should be considered hazardous until further information becomes available. Do not ingest, inhale, get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Before use, the user must review the complete Safety Data Sheet, which has been sent via email to your institution.

WARRANTY AND LIMITATION OF REMEDY

subject to Cayman's Terms and Conditions. Complete Terms and Conditions including Warranty and Limitation of Liability information can be found on our website

Copyright Cayman Chemical Company, 02/13/2024

COOCH

CAYMAN CHEMICAL

1180 EAST ELLSWORTH RD ANN ARBOR, MI 48108 · USA PHONE: [800] 364-9897

[734] 971-3335

FAX: [734] 971-3640 CUSTSERV@CAYMANCHEM.COM WWW.**CAYMANCHEM**.COM