PRODUCT INFORMATION



Hepsin Polyclonal Antibody (aa 241-260)

Item No. 100022

Overview and Properties

Contents: This vial contains peptide affinity-purified polyclonal antibody lyophilized from 500 µl.

Immunogen: Synthetic peptide from the internal region of human hepsin

Species Reactivity: (+) Human; other species not tested

Uniprot No.: P05981 Form: Lyophilized

-20°C (as supplied) Storage:

Stability: ≥3 years

TBS, pH 7.4, with 5 mg/ml BSA when reconstituted in 500 µl double distilled water Storage Buffer:

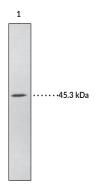
Host: Rabbit

Applications: Immunohistochemistry (IHC) (formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded tissue) and

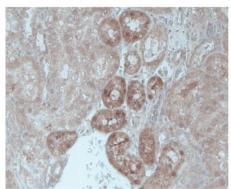
> Western blot (WB); the recommended starting dilution for IHC (formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded tissue) is 1:200 to 1:100 and 1:200 for WB. Antigen retrieval results in higher background staining and is therefore not recommended. Other applications were not tested, therefore optimal working concentration/dilution should

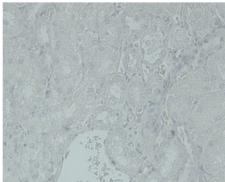
be determined empirically.

Images



Lane 1: K562 cell lysate (25 µg)





WARNING
THIS PRODUCT IS FOR RESEARCH ONLY - NOT FOR HUMAN OR VETERINARY DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE.

This material should be considered hazardous until further information becomes available. Do not ingest, inhale, get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Before use, the user must review the complete Safety Data Sheet, which has been sent via email to your institution.

Buyer agrees to purchase the material subject to Cayman's Terms and Conditions. Complete Terms and Conditions including Warranty and Limitation of Liability information can be found on our website.

Copyright Cayman Chemical Company, 10/10/2023

CAYMAN CHEMICAL

1180 EAST ELLSWORTH RD ANN ARBOR, MI 48108 · USA PHONE: [800] 364-9897

[734] 971-3335

FAX: [734] 971-3640 CUSTSERV@CAYMANCHEM.COM WWW.CAYMANCHEM.COM

PRODUCT INFORMATION



Description

Hepsin is a type II membrane-associated protein that has an extracellular proteolytic domain and exhibits low sequence homology to other known proteases. ^{1,2} Hepsin overexpression is observed in prostate, breast, kidney, and ovarian cancers and due to low homology to other known proteases may provide a unique target for pharmacological therapy. ³⁻⁷ Hepsin is necessary for cell growth *in vitro* and may play a role in metastatic expansion by factor VII activation. ⁸⁻¹⁰ The observed molecular mass of hepsin by immunoblotting is 45.3 kDa. Cloning and characterization of mouse and rat hepsin indicate 88% overall homology with human hepsin. ¹⁰⁻¹² Northern blotting reveals high levels of hepsin transcripts in liver. ^{2,7} Cayman Chemical's Hepsin Polyclonal Antibody can be used for WB and IHC (formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded tissue) analysis for hepsin on samples of human origin. Other applications for use of this antibody have not yet been tested.

References

- 1. Tsuji, A., Torres-Rosado, A., Arai, T., et al. Hepsin, a cell membrane-associate protease. Characterization, tissue distribution, and gene localization. J. Biol. Chem. 266(25), 16948-16953 (1991).
- Leytus, S.P., Kurachi, K., Hagen, F.S., et al. A novel trypsin-like serine protease (hepsin) with a putative transmembrane domain expressed by human liver and hepatoma cells. Biochemistry 27(3), 1067-1074 (1988).
- 3. Dhanasekaran, S.M., Barrette, T.R., Ghosh, D., et al. Delineation of prognostic biomarkers in prostate cancer. *Nature* **412**(6849), 822-826 (2001).
- 4. Magee, J.A., Araki, T., Patil, S., *et al.* Expression profiling reveals hepsin overexpression in prostate cancer. *Cancer Res.* **61(15)**, 5692-5696 (2001).
- 5. Welsh, J.B., Sapinoso, L.M., Su, A.I., et al. Analysis of gene expression identifies candidate markers and pharmacological targets in prostate cancer. *Cancer Res.* **61(16)**, 5974-5978 (2001).
- 6. Zacharski, L.R. Expression of the factor VII activating protease, hepsin, in situ in renal cell carcinoma. *Thromb. Haemost.* **79(4)**, 876-877 (1998).
- 7. Tanimoto, H., Yan, Y., Clarke, J., et al. Hepsin, a cell surface serine protease identified in hepatoma cells, is overexpressed in ovarian cancer. *Cancer Res.* **57(14)**, 2884-2887 (1997).
- 8. Torres-Rosado, A., O'Shea, K.S., Tsuji, A., et al. Hepsin, a putative cell-surface protease, is required for mammalian cell growth. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A.* **90(15)**, 7181-7185 (1993).
- 9. Kazama, Y., Hamamoto, T., Foster, D.C., et al. Hepsin, a putative membrane-associated serine protease, activates human factor VII and initiates a pathway of blood coagulation on the cell surface leading to thrombin formation. J. Biol. Chem. 270(1), 66-72 (1995).
- 10. Vu, T.K.H., Liu, R.W., Haaksman, C.J., et al. Identification and cloning of the membrane-associated serine protease, hepsin, from mouse preimplantation embryos. J. Biol. Chem. 272(50), 31315-31320 (1997).
- 11. Kawamura, S., Kurachi, S., Deyashiki, Y., et al. Complete nucleotide sequence, origin of isoform and functional characterization of the mouse hepsin gene. Eur. J. Biochem. 262(3), 755-764 (1999).
- 12. Farley, D., Reymond, F., and Nick, H. Cloning and sequence analysis of rat hepsin, a cell surface serine proteinase. *Biochim. Biophys. Acta* 1173(3), 350-352 (1993).

PHONE: [800] 364-9897